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**Hillsborough  
County** Florida

## **Accommodation Statement**

In accordance with the requirements of title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 ("ADA"), Hillsborough County will not discriminate against qualified individuals with disabilities on the basis of disability in its services, programs, or activities. Persons with disabilities who need an accommodation for this document should email the [Hillsborough County ADA Officer](#) or call (813) 276-8401; TTY: 7-1-1.

Calendar Year 2021

# Annual Consumer Confidence Report



## Our Continuing Commitment to You

We pledge to continue providing high-quality drinking water to your tap daily in a manner that is environmentally sensitive, cost-conscious, and that anticipates future community needs by taking advantage of new processes and technology.

## About this Report

Hillsborough County's annual Water Quality Report provides our customers important information about the high-quality water and value-focused services we provide.

**San Remo** | Public Water System 6291581



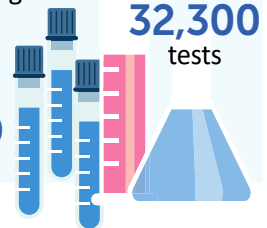
**Hillsborough County Florida**  
Water Resources

This report shows your water supply is carefully managed, and your tap water meets or exceeds all health-based standards established by the U.S. EPA and the State of Florida for safe drinking water.

In 2021, our team collected approximately 7,400 water samples, performed 32,300 tests on our drinking water, and continues to do analyses beyond those presented in this report to monitor and optimize water quality.

7,400 samples

32,300 tests



## Have Additional Questions About...

We encourage customers to pursue additional information about their drinking water, and we are here to answer any questions you may have.

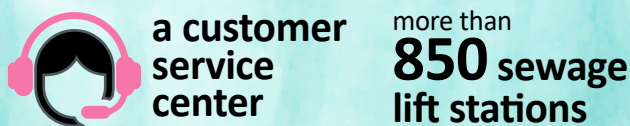
- ◆ **This Water Quality Report:** call (813) 663-3251
- ◆ **Water Quality:** call the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791
- ◆ **Local Drinking Water Quality:** call (813) 264-3835
- ◆ Este reporte contiene informacion importante sobre su agua potable. Para asistencia en entender esta informacion en espanol, por favor llame (813) 272-5977.

## Participate in Decisions Concerning Your Drinking Water

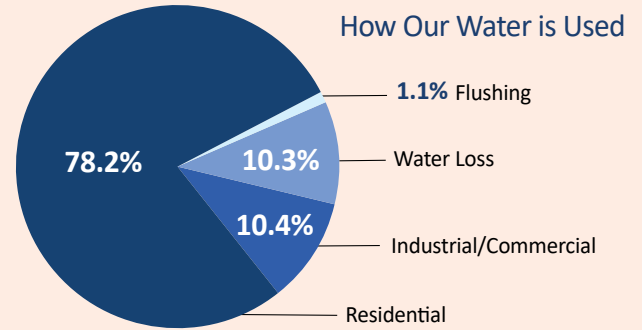
Water, wastewater, and reclaimed water services are provided through the Water Resources Department and Environmental Services Division under the County Administrator's organization. We encourage public interest and participation in the decision-making processes affecting water issues. County government's legislative branch is the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC).

The BOCC conducts meetings on budgetary and other financial matters, approves contracts, and considers ordinances that create or amend local laws, including those affecting the Water Resources customer rates and fees. The BOCC generally holds its regular meeting on the first and third Wednesday of each month at 9 a.m. at the Frederick B. Karl County Center, 601 E. Kennedy Blvd. in downtown Tampa. Links to agendas can be found at [HCFLGov.net/BOCC](http://HCFLGov.net/BOCC).

The meetings are televised live on Hillsborough County Television (HTV), Channel 637 on Spectrum, Channel 22 on Frontier, and through live streaming on the County's website. Comments can also be submitted through the County's website at [HCFLGov.net/AtYourService](http://HCFLGov.net/AtYourService).

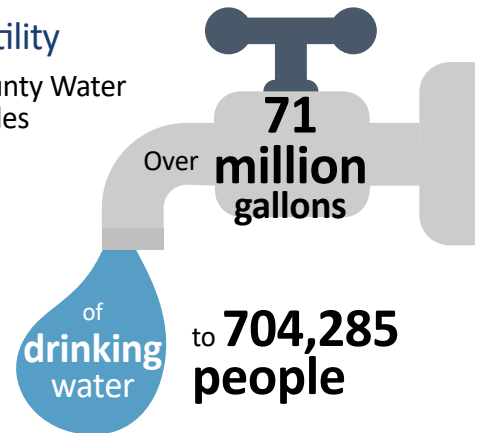


and over 5,900 miles of pipeline



## Your Water Utility

Hillsborough County Water Resources provides



In addition, 29 million gallons of reclaimed water delivered to

27,412 residential and commercial customers each day

## Contact Information

**Hillsborough County Water Resources**  
925 E Twiggs St.  
Tampa, FL 33602  
(813) 272-5977

South-Central Customer Service Center  
332 N. Falkenburg Road

**Customer Service**  
(813) 272-6680

**After-Hour Water Resources Emergencies**  
(813) 744-5600

**Water Quality Hotline**  
(813) 264-3835  
**Water Restrictions**  
(813) 275-7094

**Water Conservation**  
(813) 663-3295

Online at [HCFLGov.net/Water](http://HCFLGov.net/Water)



## Letter from the Director

Hillsborough County Water Resources is proud to report that, once again in 2021, the high-quality drinking water we provide to our Hillsborough County customers has met health based standards from the U.S. EPA and State of Florida.

We are proud to deliver superior drinking water with an ongoing commitment to quality and customer satisfaction.

Meeting these health and safety requirements is and has always been our top priority.

Each year, the department publishes a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) that provides important information about the drinking water we produce and deliver to our customers. This report is a requirement of the Safe Drinking Water Act and is for your protection. The report holds us accountable for performing routine tests for various chemicals and potential contaminants to ensure the health and welfare of our community. In this report, you'll find our 2021 water quality testing results, background on our local water resources, and information on our continued investment into local water infrastructure.



We recognize that quality drinking water is not only a basic need, but essential to continued economic growth and development in Hillsborough County. The department remains committed to continue improvements to our production and delivery systems to ensure that our customers have quality water for years to come.

This year, Water Resources has invested in the infrastructure that delivers your water. We've replaced old pipelines, increased system pumping and storage capacities, installed additional water quality monitoring capabilities, and enhanced the certified environmental laboratory that provides state-of-the-art testing for every water quality analysis performed.

As Hillsborough County Water Resources looks to 2022, we continue to ask customers to partner with us by following water conservation practices to help us preserve our precious water resources.

I am proud to share this report with you, as well as some of the initiatives that help keep our drinking water world-class, and to encourage you to continue drinking healthy and affordable Hillsborough County tap water.

Sincerely,

*Beth Schinella*

Beth Schinella

Director, Hillsborough County Water Resources



## Where Does My Water Come From?

An underground limestone formation called the Floridan Aquifer is the source of all groundwater pumped by the wells which supply our system.



## San Remo

Groundwater is drawn from the Floridan Aquifer for our San Remo system. Chlorine is added as a disinfecting agent at a level designed to suppress the growth of harmful organisms.



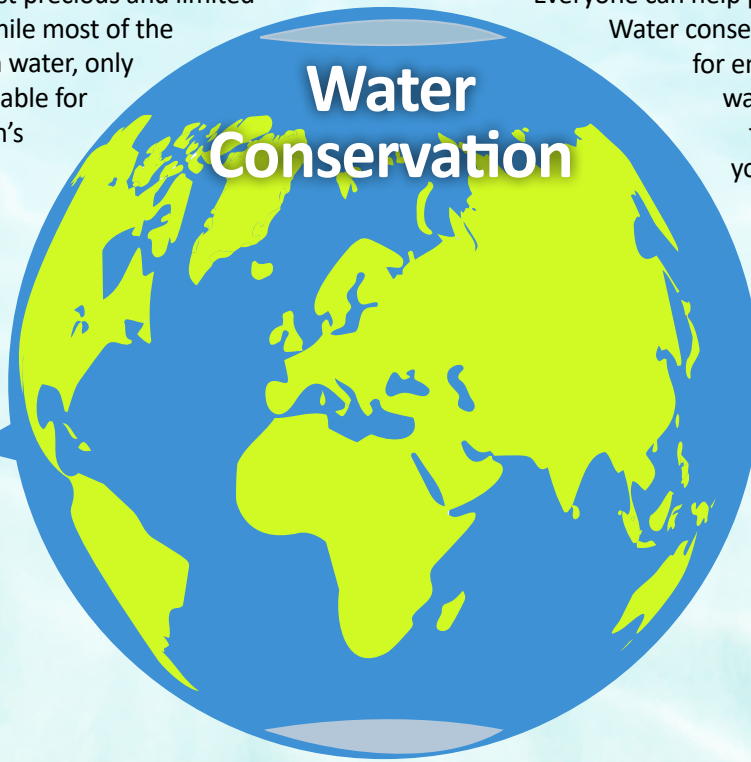
## Our Water Treatment Process

Hillsborough County has testing and treatment systems in place to ensure that water delivered to customers meets quality standards. In our San Remo system, we add chlorine as a disinfecting agent at a level designed to suppress the growth of harmful organisms.

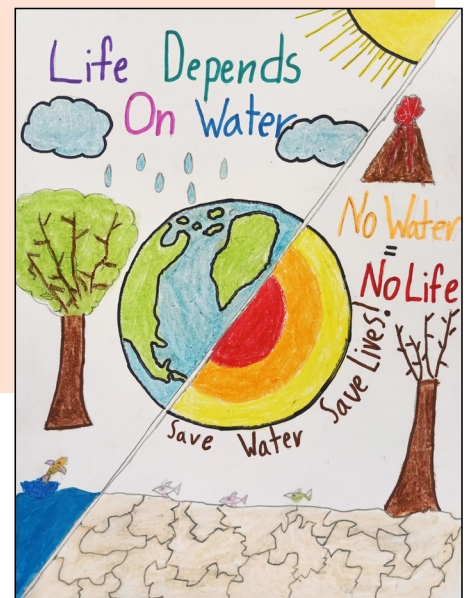
Water is one of our most precious and limited natural resources. While most of the Earth's surface is covered in water, only a very small amount is available for use. About 99% of the Earth's water is in the oceans or frozen in the polar ice caps, leaving less than 1% of the resource as freshwater fit for human use.

Everyone can help preserve our water supply. Water conservation should not be only for emergencies - it should be a way of life. Conserving water today saves you money on your utility bills and reduces the cost of building new water and wastewater infrastructure.

99%



Hillsborough County K-12 students shared their water conservation ideas during the annual Drop Savers Poster Contest.







There are hundreds of ways to conserve water. Some are very simple, but all of them begin with you.

Here are five ways to start conserving water and saving money today.



**1. Turn your automatic irrigation controller to OFF.** Conservation ordinances limit lawn watering to specific days and times year-round. However, depending on weather conditions, your yard may need less water than you think. Look up your allowed day(s) and hours at [HCFLGov.net/WaterRestrictions](http://HCFLGov.net/WaterRestrictions).



**2. Get paid to make water-wise choices.** The regional Tampa Bay Water Wise program provides rebates for high-efficiency toilet retrofits, smart irrigation controllers, and other water-saving devices and measures. Learn more at [TampaBayWaterWise.org](http://TampaBayWaterWise.org).



**3. Seek the leak.** Finding and fixing easily corrected household water leaks can save homeowners about 10 percent on their water bills. Your water meter can be used as a simple initial leak detection tool.



**4. Check your irrigation system for water waste.** Most irrigation systems run at night when no one is watching. Perform a monthly visual inspection of your system in operation to look for leaks, broken sprinkler heads, and misdirected spray patterns.



**5. Go low to slow the flow.** Low-flow showerheads, faucet aerators, and toilets save water without sacrificing performance. Look for the EPA WaterSense label when shopping for replacements.

## Customer Programs and Resources

- **On-site irrigation evaluations** – free on-site irrigation evaluation services for high-volume water users irrigating with metered water
- **Personalized landscape and irrigation system guidance** – the Hillsborough Master Gardener Help Desk is available to answer questions about landscapes
- **Compost, micro-irrigation, and rainwater harvesting workshops** – learn from the UF/IFAS Extension Hillsborough County how to have a healthy and attractive landscape for less money
- **Florida-Friendly Landscaping™** – learn how you can have a beautiful landscape that could save you time, energy, and money while protecting our water resources and environment
- **Water conserving habits** – find dozens of free tips on our website to reduce water use and save money inside and outside

Find details on all these services and more at [HCFLGov.net/WaterConservation](http://HCFLGov.net/WaterConservation) or call the Water Conservation Team at (813) 663-3295.

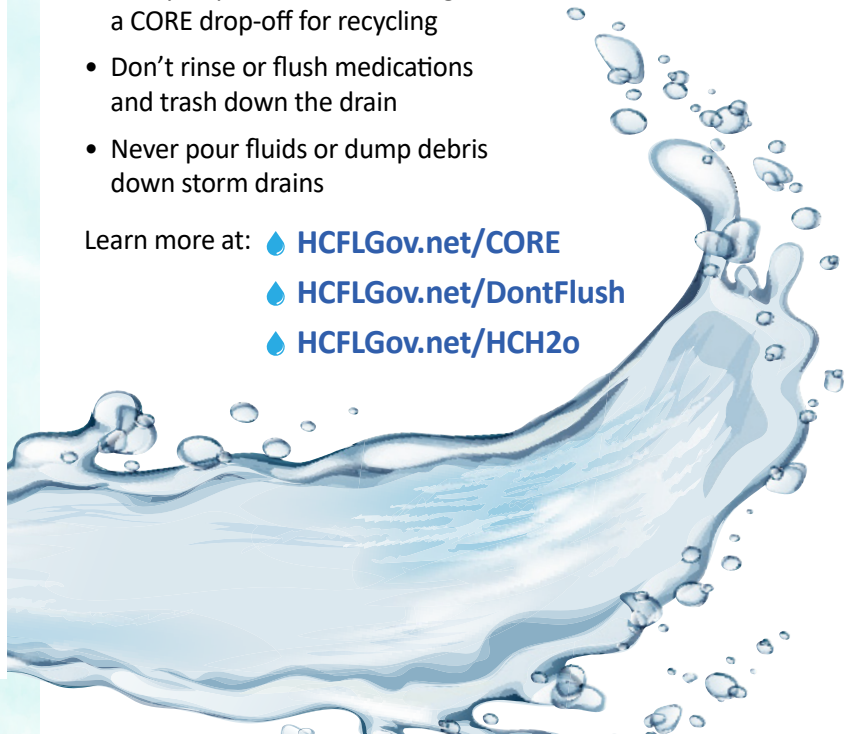
## Do Your Part to Keep Our Water Clean

- Only follow manufacturer's instructions for lawn chemicals
- Always follow seasonal fertilizer rules
- Avoid overwatering your lawn
- Safely dispose of used cooking oil at a CORE drop-off for recycling
- Don't rinse or flush medications and trash down the drain
- Never pour fluids or dump debris down storm drains

Learn more at: [HCFLGov.net/CORE](http://HCFLGov.net/CORE)

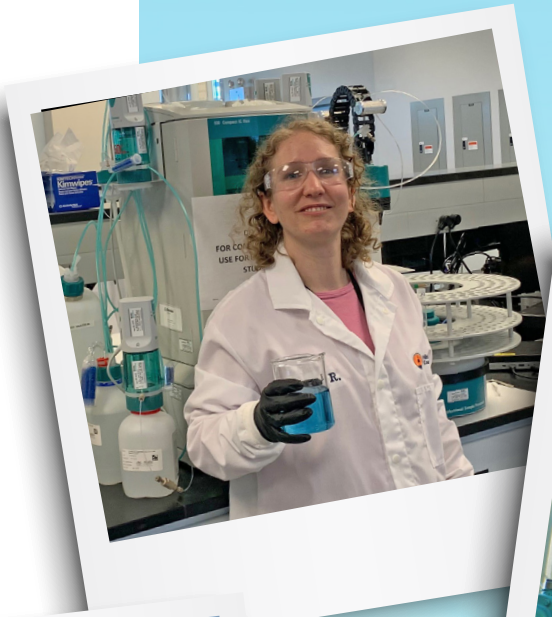
[HCFLGov.net/DontFlush](http://HCFLGov.net/DontFlush)

[HCFLGov.net/HCH2o](http://HCFLGov.net/HCH2o)



## A Quality Team Providing Quality Water

Hillsborough County Water Resources employs more than 800 professionals in a wide range of rewarding careers fitting a broad range of skills. General areas include engineering, operations, organizational services, fiscal, information technology, communications, policy and education, laboratory and science, maintenance, trades, and environmental.



### Recent Awards Received by Hillsborough County Water Resources

#### Presented by Florida Section of the American Water Works Association

- Award of Excellence for Distinguished Service- Lake Park Plant Manager- Paul Kavanagh - 2021
- Outstanding Class 'C' Water Treatment Plant – Lake Park - 2019
- Meritorious Drinking Plant Operator – Central WTP - 2018

#### Presented by Florida Department of Environmental Protection

- Plant Operations Excellence Award – Lake Park & Fawn Ridge 2018

#### Professional and Utility Memberships

- American Public Works Association (APWA)
- American Water Works Association Research Foundation (AWWARF)
- Florida Emergency Preparedness Association
- Florida Society of Environmental Analysts (FSEA)
- Florida Section American Water Works Association (AWWA)
- The NELAC Institute (TNI)
- Water Environmental Research Federation (WERF)





## Source Water Assessment

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) has developed a Source Water Assessment and Protection Program. The program is meant to ensure that not only is the water at your tap safe to drink, but also that the source is protected. Specific information for your water system is discussed below.

In addition, the FDEP has developed a website for the Source Water Assessment Results for the public to obtain information on individual public water systems.

[fldep.dep.state.fl.us/swapp](http://fldep.dep.state.fl.us/swapp).

To obtain a copy of an assessment form from FDEP, or if you have questions about this program, call (850) 245-8658.



In 2021, the FDEP updated their Source Water Assessments information about potential sources of contamination in the vicinity of the wells that provide water to Hillsborough County Customers.

There were no potential sources of contamination identified for the system.

The potential sources of contamination, the susceptibility scores, and the levels of concern assigned by FDEP

are available on the Source Water Assessment and Protection Program website at

[fldep.dep.state.fl.us/swapp](http://fldep.dep.state.fl.us/swapp)

or by contacting Florida's drinking water program at (850) 245-2118.

## About Your Water Supply

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material. It can also pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as virus and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.



## Home Water Treatment Systems

Compounds may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily a cause for health concerns. **For concerns with taste, odor, or color of drinking water, contact the Water Resources Water Quality Hotline at (813) 264-3835.**

Installing a water softener or filtration system is a matter of personal preference. If you choose to purchase one then do your research and remember that these systems often require routine maintenance. Neglecting to perform the maintenance on these systems can degrade the quality of your water.

At no time will a County employee ask to enter your home to test your water unless a specific problem has been reported. County employees wear official uniforms and carry County identification.

## Notice About Lead Levels

The EPA requires that utility systems include information in their annual water quality reports about lead levels in drinking water. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant woman and young children.

Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Hillsborough County Water Resources is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested.

Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the **Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at [www.epa.gov/safewater/lead](http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead).**



**Hillsborough County routinely monitors the quality of its drinking water. A water softener or filtration system might change the taste or “feel” of the water, but the water is perfectly safe to drink without these additional treatments.**



## Immuno-Compromised Customers

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency/Center for Disease Control guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbiological contaminants are available from the **Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).**

# Water Quality Table

## Understanding the Table

Hillsborough County routinely monitors drinking water quality parameters according to federal and state laws. The table in this report includes those analytes that were detected in our routine compliance monitoring for the period of January 1 through December 31, 2021, or the most recent testing as otherwise indicated in the table. FDEP regulations allow monitoring for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. As a result, some of the data, though representative, is more than one year old.

### Terms & Definitions

In the table, you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

**Action Level (AL)** - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**N/A** - Not Applicable

**ND** - Not Detected and indicates that the substance was not found by laboratory analysis.

**Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)** - Measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person. High turbidity can hinder the effectiveness of disinfectants.

**Parts Per Million (ppm) or Milligrams Per Liter (mg/l)** - One part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

**Parts Per Billion (ppb) or Micrograms Per Liter (µg/l)** - One part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

**Picocuries Per Liter (pCi/L)** - Measure of the radioactivity in water.

**Treatment Technique (TT)** - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

## SAN REMO PWS 6291581

This report includes most recent data collected for the system

### Radioactive Contaminants

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling	MCL Violation	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Alpha emitters (pCi/L)	May 2018	No	4.33	N/A	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Radium 226 + 228 or combined radium (pCi/L)	May 2018	No	0.755	N/A	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits



### Inorganic Contaminants

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling	MCL Violation	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium (ppm)	January 2021	No	0.01	N/A	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	January 2021	No	0.06	N/A	4	4.0	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. Water additive which promotes strong teeth when at the optimum level of 0.7 ppm
Mercury (inorganic) (ppb)	January 2021	No	0.3	N/A	2	2.0	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland
Sodium (ppm)	January 2021	No	15.7	N/A	N/A	160	Salt water intrusion; leaching from soil

### Stage 1 Disinfectant and Disinfection By-Products

Disinfectant or Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling	MCL or MRDL Violation	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine (ppm)	January 2021-December 2021	No	0.9	0.1-4.6	MRDLG= 4	MRDL= 4	Water additive used to control microbes

### Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling	MCL Violation	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Haloacetic Acids (five) (HAA5)(ppb)	September 2021	No	53.1	N/A	N/A	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM (Total Trihalomethanes) (ppb)	September 2021	No	73.2	N/A	N/A	80	By-product of drinking water disinfection

### Lead and Copper (Tap Water)

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling	Action Level Exceeded	90th Percentile Result	Number of sampling sites exceeding the Action Level	MCLG	Action Level	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper (Tap Water) (ppm)	January 2021-December 2021	No	0.56	0	1.3	1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (Tap Water) (ppb)	January 2021-December 2021	No	2.8	0	0	15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits